

Voice Disorders

DNA Health Report

REPORT CATEGORY —



DENTAL & MOUTH
HEALTH

Sample Client

Report date: 15 January 2026

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omicsedge

Table of Contents

03 How this works

- 04 Impact
- 05 Evidence
- 06 Some things to keep in mind

07 Introduction

08 Your genetics

09 Your recommendations

DISCLAIMER

This report does not diagnose this or any other health conditions. Please talk to a healthcare professional if this condition runs in your family, you think you might have this condition, or you have any concerns about your results.

Personal information

NAME

Sample Client

SEX AT BIRTH

Male

HEIGHT

5ft 5" 165cm

WEIGHT

137lb 62kg



How this works

Our Wellness Reports analyze how your DNA influences your health.
We then use this analysis to give you personalized risk estimates and recommendations.



Similarly, our Trait Reports look at how your DNA influences your traits.



Your DNA is like an instruction manual — it contains a lot of information.
You can think of it as a blueprint for your body.

Genetic variants are parts of DNA that differ from person to person. Some can make you more vulnerable to certain health issues, while others may influence traits such as eye color.



We use artificial intelligence and machine learning to analyze all this information.
We then summarize your results as a risk score or display it on a gauge.

In total, we analyze up to 83 million genetic variants.

When we give a risk score, the risk icon tells you if you are at a higher or lower risk compared to other people:



Genotype color info:

AA

You don't have any risk alleles

AA

You have 1 risk allele

AA

You have 2 risk alleles

Your risk is also displayed as a percentile. This will tell you how your risks compare to our sample population. The lower your percentile number, the lower your risk. The "50th percentile" would be an average risk.

Similarly, the gauge tells you your relative risk score compared to our sample population, or it indicates a specific trait or haplotype you are more likely to have based on your genetic variants.

When applicable, we also list top evidence-based recommendations that may help lower your risk. The focus is on recommendations that may be of benefit to you, based on your genetics.

Our recommendations come in four categories: lifestyle, diet, supplements and drugs.
The following icons tell you which category a recommendation falls into:



Our team of scientists also ranks each recommendation.
We rank based on impact and the strength of evidence in the medical literature.

Impact shows how strongly a recommendation will affect your health in a certain area.
Evidence is how much scientific support there is for the recommendation. Rankings are from 1 to 5 (low to high):



Impact

Impact scores range from 1-5. These scores reflect how much of an effect each recommendation can have. An impact score of 5 predicts the biggest effect.

When a recommendation affects something we can measure, we use those measurements to assign the impact score. For example, a recommendation that decreases cholesterol by 20% will have a higher impact score than one that decreases it by 5%.

Some recommendations affect things that we cannot directly measure, like stress or mood. For these, the impact score is based on how well they work relative to other recommendations and standard treatments. The best ones get the highest scores.

If there is a lot of research that shows a recommendation works especially well for your genotype, the impact score gets increased.

Recommendation Evidence

5 / 5

Recommendations that are considered effective and generally recommended by experts and medical bodies.

4 / 5

Recommendations that are considered likely effective and that have multiple independent meta-analyses and a great many studies supporting them.

3 / 5

Recommendations that are considered possibly effective and have many studies supporting them

2 / 5

Recommendations that have insufficient evidence, with two or several clinical trials supporting them, or many studies but with ambiguous results.

1 / 5

Recommendations that have insufficient evidence, with a single clinical trial, or with many studies most of which didn't find support for the recommendation.

0 / 5

No evidence in humans.

Genotype-specific Evidence

High-quality

Direct evidence that a recommendation helps more in people with your gene variant (many clinical trials, a few large clinical trials, or a meta-analysis).

Medium-quality

Direct evidence that a recommendation helps more in people with your gene variant (a few clinical trials or one large clinical trial).

Low-quality

Direct evidence that a recommendation helps more in people with your gene variant (a single clinical trial or more trials with inconsistent results).

Indirect

A recommendation may help more in people with your gene variant because it targets a specific gene or protein affected by your variant (e.g., MTHFR, dopamine).

In theory

A recommendation may help more in people with your gene variant because it targets a specific mechanism affected by your variant (e.g., inflammation, oxidative stress).

Some things to keep in mind:

- Genetics doesn’t play a considerable role in a condition or a trait.
- There is not enough research available to estimate a genetic predisposition.
- There are technical limitations to estimating or presenting a genetic predisposition.
- The topic is sensitive, and a genetic predisposition should only be estimated and presented by a healthcare professional.

Introduction

Voice disorders refer to any condition that affects the pitch, volume, tone, or other qualities of the voice. These disorders can arise from a variety of causes, affecting anyone who uses their voice regularly, but they are especially prevalent among professionals who rely heavily on vocal communication, such as teachers, singers, and public speakers.

Types of voice disorders include:

- Functional voice disorders: These occur without any anatomical abnormalities. They often develop from improper or excessive use of the vocal cords, leading to strain and vocal fatigue.
- Organic voice disorders: These are caused by physical changes in the voice box (larynx) structures, including nodules, polyps, cysts, and laryngitis. Conditions like thyroid problems, laryngeal cancer, or vocal cord paralysis also fall into this category.
- Neurological voice disorders: These occur when there are problems with the nerves that control the muscles of the voice box, such as in vocal cord paralysis, spasmodic dysphonia, or Parkinson’s disease.

People with voice disorders typically experience:

- Hoarseness or a raspy voice
- Loss of voice (aphonia)
- Pain or discomfort when speaking
- Frequent throat clearing
- A feeling of strain or tightness in the throat
- Limited vocal range, particularly for professional singers
- Changes in voice quality that persist for more than two weeks

Treatment and Prevention

Treatment of voice disorders depends on the type and may include:

- Voice therapy: Conducted by a speech-language pathologist, this therapy focuses on teaching efficient voice use and proper vocal techniques to reduce strain.
- Medical treatment: For organic causes such as infections or reflux, medications may help reduce inflammation and treat underlying conditions.
- Surgery: In cases of nodules, polyps, or other structural problems, surgical intervention may be necessary to remove the lesions from the vocal cords.
- Lifestyle changes: Recommendations may include staying hydrated, avoiding irritants like smoking and excessive alcohol, and using a microphone when speaking in loud environments to avoid straining the voice.

Preventive measures include proper vocal hygiene, avoiding excessive voice use, staying hydrated, and warming up the voice before heavy use. Regular check-ups with a healthcare professional are advisable for those who use their voice intensively on a regular basis.



TYPICAL LIKELIHOOD

Typical likelihood of voice disorders based on 1,673 genetic variants we looked at



Your Recommendations

Your recommendations are prioritized according to the likelihood of it having an impact for you based on your genetics, along with the amount of scientific evidence supporting the recommendation.

You’ll likely find common healthy recommendations at the top of the list because they are often the most impactful and most researched.

DOSAGE		DOSAGE		
1	Transcutaneous Electrical Nerve Stimulation (TENS)	30 minutes	2 Breathing Techniques	10 minutes
3	Anti-Inflammatory Diet		4 Stress Management Therapy	1 hour
5	Diaphragmatic Breathing	10 minutes	6 Cognitive-Behavioral Therapy (CBT)	
7	Speech Therapy	45 minutes		

1

Transcutaneous Electrical Nerve Stimulation (TENS)

IMPACT

2 / 5

EVIDENCE

3 / 5

How to implement

Apply TENS unit electrode pads around the area in pain; begin with the device set to a low setting and gradually increase intensity to a comfortable level. Use the device for 15-30 minutes per session for pain relief, and it can be used multiple times a day as needed.

TYPICAL STARTING DOSE

30 minutes

Description

TENS is a therapy that uses low-level electrical currents to relieve pain by stimulating the nerves. It's commonly used as a non-invasive method to manage various types of pain, such as musculoskeletal pain or chronic pain conditions.

How it helps

In people with voice disorders, TENS may improve musculoskeletal pain, swallowing function, and vocal symptoms. However, the evidence regarding the vocal symptoms is mixed [[R](#), [R](#), [R](#)].

2



Breathing Techniques

IMPACT

1 / 5

EVIDENCE

1 / 5

How to implement

Practice deep breathing exercises for 10 minutes daily, preferably in a quiet space where you won't be disturbed. Sit or lie down in a comfortable position, slowly inhale through your nose, allowing your chest and lower belly to rise, hold the breath for a moment, and then exhale slowly through your mouth or nose. This can be done at any time of day to reduce stress and improve focus.

TYPICAL STARTING DOSE

10 minutes

Description

Breath awareness and specific breathing techniques, such as deep breathing or mindfulness-based practices, can help reduce stress, improve focus, and enhance overall mental well-being. These techniques are valuable tools for managing anxiety and promoting relaxation.

Most breathing techniques involve taking slow and even breaths. Their main goal is to prevent rapid breathing (**hyperventilation**) [\[R\]](#).

Breathing techniques tend to help with [\[R\]](#), [\[R\]](#), [\[R\]](#):

- Stress
- Anxiety
- Sleep problems
- Asthma

One example is the **Buteyko breathing technique**. It's often used by people with asthma or other conditions that affect the lungs [\[R\]](#).

Another example is **yogic breathing**. [Yoga](#) is a practice that combines breathing techniques with exercise and meditation [\[R\]](#), [\[R\]](#).

How it helps

In a non-placebo-controlled trial of 60 singers with muscle tension dysphonia, breathing exercises significantly improved laryngeal function, breathing performance, and voice handicap, especially in combination with manual therapy [\[R\]](#).

3



Anti-Inflammatory Diet

IMPACT

0 / 5

EVIDENCE

0 / 5

How to implement

Incorporate foods rich in omega-3 fatty acids, such as salmon and flaxseeds, fruits, vegetables, nuts, and whole grains into your daily meals. Avoid processed foods, red meats, and refined sugars. Aim for a balanced diet consisting mostly of plant-based foods and lean protein sources, adjusting portions sizes to meet your individual nutritional needs and health goals.

Description

An anti-inflammatory diet focuses on reducing inflammation in the body by emphasizing foods rich in anti-inflammatory compounds, such as fruits, vegetables, fatty fish, nuts, and seeds, while minimizing processed foods and those high in added sugars and trans fats.

Anti-inflammatory diets use healthy foods to reduce inflammation. These diets are generally high in [\[R\]](#), [\[R\]](#), [\[R\]](#):

- Colorful fruits and vegetables
- Nuts and seeds
- Fish
- Olive oil
- Tea

They also tend to restrict [\[R\]](#), [\[R\]](#):

- Processed food
- Sugar and refined carbs
- Red meat

The [Mediterranean diet](#) and the DASH diet are good examples of anti-inflammatory diets [\[R\]](#), [\[R\]](#).

How it helps

An anti-inflammatory diet can help reduce inflammation and swelling in the vocal cords, improving voice quality and overall vocal health.

4



Stress Management Therapy

IMPACT

0 / 5

EVIDENCE

0 / 5

How to implement

Engage in stress management therapy sessions, such as cognitive-behavioral therapy (CBT), for at least 1 hour per week over a course of 8 to 12 weeks. Techniques can include mindfulness, deep breathing exercises, and identifying stressors to develop coping strategies.

TYPICAL STARTING DOSE

1 hour

Description

Stress management therapy refers to various techniques and approaches aimed at reducing and coping with stress. It can improve mental and physical well-being by helping individuals better manage the effects of stress on their health.

How it helps

Stress management techniques can reduce tension in the vocal cords, which often aggravates voice disorders, thus improving vocal function over time.

5



Diaphragmatic Breathing

IMPACT

0 / 5

EVIDENCE

0 / 5

How to implement

Practice diaphragmatic breathing for 10-15 minutes per day. Sit or lie down in a comfortable position, place one hand on your chest and the other on your belly. Breathe in slowly through your nose, ensuring your belly moves out more than your chest. Exhale slowly through your mouth or nose, consciously relaxing the belly. Repeat this process, focusing on the movement of your belly rather than your chest.

TYPICAL STARTING DOSE

10 minutes

Description

Diaphragmatic breathing, also known as deep breathing, can help reduce stress and anxiety by activating the body's relaxation response. It promotes better oxygen exchange, reduces muscle tension, and supports overall mental and physical well-being.

How it helps

Diaphragmatic breathing strengthens the diaphragm and helps efficient airflow, which is crucial for good voice production and reducing vocal fatigue.

6



Cognitive-Behavioral Therapy (CBT)

IMPACT

0 / 5

EVIDENCE

0 / 5

How to implement

Schedule weekly sessions with a certified cognitive-behavioral therapist for a period of 5 to 20 weeks. Engage actively in exercises assigned by your therapist both during sessions and as homework to apply CBT strategies to daily life.

Description

Cognitive-behavioral therapy (CBT) is a psychotherapeutic approach that has been effective in treating various mental health conditions by helping individuals identify and change negative thought patterns and behaviors. It is widely used for conditions like depression, anxiety, and phobias.

Psychotherapy (talk therapy) involves talking about your health with a licensed therapist. It may improve the way you react to certain experiences [\[R\]](#).

Talk therapy is a great way to improve many conditions, including [\[R\]](#), [\[R\]](#), [\[R\]](#), [\[R\]](#):

- Depression
- Anxiety disorders
- PTSD
- OCD
- Substance use disorder
- Bipolar disorder

Cognitive-behavioral therapy (CBT) is a type of talk therapy. CBT aims to change the way you think about your life and yourself. Through CBT, a therapist can help you develop healthy coping mechanisms [\[R\]](#).

How it helps

CBT can help manage the psychological factors that contribute to voice disorders, such as anxiety and stress, which can affect voice quality.

7



Speech Therapy

IMPACT

0 / 5

EVIDENCE

0 / 5

How to implement

Attend speech therapy sessions with a certified speech-language pathologist for 45 to 60 minutes per session, 1-2 times per week, for a period that can range from a few months to over a year, depending on the specific needs and progress.

TYPICAL STARTING DOSE

45 minutes

Description

Speech therapy is a specialized form of therapy that focuses on improving communication skills, speech fluency, and language development in individuals with speech and language disorders, offering support for improved communication and quality of life.

Speech therapy is used to assess and treat speech and communication problems. It helps people develop the skills needed for more effective communication. It is used to treat everything from childhood speech disorders to speech impairments caused by stroke or brain injury.

Speech and language therapy (SLT) aims to improve [\[R\]](#), [\[R\]](#):

- Communication
- Eating
- Drinking
- Swallowing

These programs support children and adults who [\[R\]](#):

- Recover from a stroke or brain injury
- Have speech disorders (e.g., stuttering)
- Have swallowing or joint disorders

How it helps

Speech therapy can improve vocal quality, strength, and endurance by teaching proper voice techniques and exercises specifically designed to target voice disorders.